Rights

1. You have the right to **not go through electronic strip search** (aka AIT, MMW, WBI)
   ... but if you are “selected” (e.g. “SSSS” mark) and choose not to go through, you will get an “enhanced pat down”
   ... and even if you do go through, you might get an “enhanced pat down” anyway

2. You have the right to a patdown by someone **the same gender** as you present yourself
   ... unless they’re short staffed—but you must be told so before going through the metal detector

3. You have the right to have patdowns **witnessed by someone of your choice**
   ... so long as they’re allowed to be there at all (e.g. they’re flying with you)

4. You have the right to have patdowns conducted **in private**

5. You have the right to have your **belongings in view** at all times
   ... but not to access / touch them

6. You have the right to **take photos/videos** in public areas, and to **not delete** anything
   ... except of xray screens, or if it would interfere with / slow down screening
   ... except if the airport, state, county, or city has a rule/law against it

7. You have the right **not to be touched** by anyone without your consent
   ... except the minimum “necessary to detect weapons or explosives”
   ... but you must be **told before being touched** how you will be touched, and **consent**
   ... except when being detained or arrested by **police** (not TSA)

8. You have the right to carry **unlimited medical supplies** (e.g. juice, insulin, breast milk, etc.)
   ... but may be asked (**not required**) to prove it’s medical, and must declare it upfront
   ... except if the airport, state, county, or city has a rule/law against it

9. TSA employees **do not** have the right to **detain** you because they are **not police**
   ... but they can call the police, who **can** detain you, and in ½ of US states, can demand ID also

Remember

1. “**I opt out** of going through electronic strip search.”
2. “**I consent** to search that is no more extensive or intensive than necessary to detect the presence of weapons or explosives. Although **I will not physically resist**, any further contact is unlawful assault and battery.”
3. “**Please bring your STSO** (supervisor; 3 bar epaulet) / **TSM** (transportation screening manager) / **a police officer**.”
4. **Do not physically resist;** sue them later instead
5. **Do not argue** with poorly trained TSOs; get a higher ranking officer and **call the TSA Ombudsman.**
6. **Expect to be harassed** or to wait an extra hour. Exercising your rights may be difficult.
7. Write down the **name, job title, and badge number** of everyone you interact with.
8. **Post your experiences online** (especially audio, photos, & videos) ASAP.
9. **Call your senators and representatives**; tell them how you feel.
10. **File formal complaints** and **tell the ACLU/EPIC** as appropriate.
11. **Smile!** Address people politely by name, don’t take it personally, have compassion, and be confident asserting your rights.

Contacts

**TSA Ombudsman** (to correct misinformed TSOs on policy) 877 266 2837
TSA Public Affairs (for media and photo/video issues) 571 227 2829
US Congress Switchboard (to call your senators & representatives) 202 224 3121
TSA Office of Civil Rights (to file a complaint) 877 336 4872
DHS Office of Civil Rights (to file a complaint) 866 644 8360
DHS Office of Inspector General (to file a complaint) 800 323 8603
TSA Switchboard (to talk to "office of chief counsel" for legal/policy issues) 866 289 9673
General rules: don’t capture X-ray screens or cause congestion; commercial/pro, get permit first; otherwise unrestricted. Only call these numbers for photo/video issues, when people on the ground are misinformed. Otherwise call TSA Ombudsman.

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<th>Policy (if different)</th>
<th>TSA</th>
<th>Airport</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABQ</td>
<td>Phil Orlandella</td>
<td>617 561 1819</td>
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<tr>
<td>BOS</td>
<td>Dan Jiron</td>
<td>505 446 7706</td>
<td>21 Dec 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>CMH</td>
<td>Robert Mauldin</td>
<td>617 733 8437</td>
<td>1 Apr 09</td>
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<tr>
<td>DCA</td>
<td>Kawika Riley</td>
<td>571 227 1966</td>
<td>28 Jun 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>DEN</td>
<td>Courtney Mickalonis</td>
<td>703 417 8370</td>
<td>21 Dec 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>DFW</td>
<td>Leslie Young</td>
<td>972 973 5489</td>
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<td>Rene Harris</td>
<td>317 390 6917</td>
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<td>LGA</td>
<td>Ralph Tragale</td>
<td>212 435 3730</td>
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<td>MCO</td>
<td>William Kretchik</td>
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<td>MDW</td>
<td>Jim Kilmer</td>
<td>773 498 1308</td>
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<tr>
<td>ONT</td>
<td>Maureen Joyce</td>
<td>773 838 0647</td>
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<tr>
<td>ORD</td>
<td>Karen Pride</td>
<td>773 686 3706</td>
<td>21 Dec 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHX</td>
<td>Mike Sotomayor</td>
<td>602 273 3300</td>
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<td>PIT</td>
<td>Jeff Martinelli</td>
<td>417 472 3581</td>
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<td>SAN</td>
<td>Leslie Adlam</td>
<td>1 Apr 09</td>
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<td>SMF</td>
<td>Gina Swankie</td>
<td>916 874 0791</td>
<td>21 Dec 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>TPA</td>
<td>Kelly Figley</td>
<td>813 801 6025</td>
<td>3 Apr 09</td>
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TSO Screening Management Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) May ’08, selected bits

“2.2.3. HHMD OR PAT-DOWN SCREENING OF INDIVIDUALS

... All HHMD and pat-down searches must be conducted by TSOs of the same gender as the individual presents him or herself to be.”

“4.3.6. OPPOSITE GENDER SCREENING

Extraordinary circumstances may occur where a TSO of the same gender as the individual being screened (the gender of an individual is determined by who he or she presents themselves to be) is not available to complete HHMD and/or pat-down screening procedures (for example, staffing shortage emergencies at any airport or limited staffing at Category II, III, and IV airports). ...”

A. The STSO must ensure that the following notice is provided to an individual of the opposite gender before the individual enters the WTMD:
   1. A TSO of the same gender as the individual presents him or herself to be is not available.
   2. A TSO of the opposite gender will be required to complete the screening process, which may include physical contact between the TSO and the individual.
   3. An LTSO or STSO, if possible, will be present.
   4. Once the individual enters the WTMD, the individual must complete the screening process.”

“2.7. PHOTOGRAPHING, VIDEOTAPEING, AND FILMING SCREENING LOCATIONS

A. TSA does not prohibit the public, passengers, or press from photographing, videotaping, or filming screening locations unless the activity interferes with a TSO’s ability to perform his or her duties or prevents the orderly flow of individuals through the screening location. Requests by commercial entities to photograph an airport screening location must be forwarded to TSA’s Office of Strategic Communications and Public Affairs. Photographing EDS or ETD monitor screens or emitted images is not permitted.
B. TSA may not confiscate or destroy the photographic equipment or film of any person photographing the screening location.
C. Whenever possible, x-ray machine images must not be visible to the public or press. When physical constraints prevent x-ray images from being fully protected from public viewing, TSOs must ensure no member of the public or press is in a position to observe an x-ray monitor for an extended period of time. Passengers and other unauthorized individuals must not be allowed to view EDS or ETD monitors and screens.”

TSA Photography FAQ

“Q. Is it ok to take pictures or videos inside the airport and at a checkpoint?
A. TSA does not prohibit photographs at screening locations; however, local laws, state statutes, or local ordinances may. We recommend contacting your local airport authority in advance to ensure you are familiar with their local procedures. While TSA does not prohibit the public, passengers or press from photographing, videotaping, or filming at screening locations, TSA may ask a photographer to stop if they are interfering with the screening process or taking photos of x-ray monitor screens in a checkpoint. The same guidelines apply to media. Members of the press should contact TSA’s Office of Public Affairs, at 571-227-2829, prior to filming or taking photographs at a security checkpoint.
While there is a difference between taking a casual photo and someone conducting surveillance, travelers should not be surprised if TSA or local law enforcement inquires about their actions. This is important to ensure the safety of the traveling public and something our officers may do as part of their security mission.”

I, Sai, am not a lawyer and definitely not your lawyer. Get one if you’re in trouble or want to sue. This isn’t legal advice and may not apply exactly to your situation. Don’t be an idiot. Standing up for your rights requires standing up to intimidation, but do so politely.

Email me at tsa@saizai.com w/ suggestions for improvement. Please distribute this as widely as you can.

TSA employees: please email me the latest SOP documents.

Stay anonymous, use a throwaway email account from a random computer, use my PGP key if you can. I will ensure it gets distributed. The public should know the rules they’re expected to comply with. Checkpoints can only be ethical if done with informed consent.